Convention. Pursuant to resolutions of the Democratic and Conservative State Executive Committee, this day adopted, a democratic and Conservative State Convention is hereby called to meet

CITY OF PARKERSBURG, On Thursday, May 30, 1872. at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate candidates

for Governor, four Judges of the Supreme Court of Appeals, Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General and State Superintendent of Free Schools. Also to form an electoral ticket, and select delegates to represent the State in the Democratic National Conven-J. W. GALLAHER,

JAS. M. JACKSON, T. B. KLINE. JOHN BASSEL, A. E. SUMMERS. W. H. HOGEMAN. CHARLESTON, April 4th, 1872.

Democratic and Conservative County Convention.

The Democratic and Conservative voters of Jefferson County are requested to meet in their respective Townships, on Saturday, the 18th day of May, and elect Delegates to a County Convention, to assemble in Charlestown on Saturday, the 25th day of May.

at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of choosing representatives of the county in the State Convention which will meet at Parkersburg on Thursday, the 30th of May, at 11 o'clock, "to nominate candidates for Governor, four Judges of the Supreme Court of Appeals, Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General, and State Superintendent of Free Schools, and also to form an Electoral Ticket and select Delegates to represent the State in the Democratic National Convention." Also. to appoint Delegates to a Convention to nominste a candidate to represent the Senatorial. District composed of Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan counties, in the State Senate.

It is hoped the people will give proper attention to this important matter. JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

Chm'n. Co. Ex. Com. April 30, 1872.

THE CINCINNATI NOMINEES.

It will be seen by reference to our columns elsewhere that the Convention of Liberal Republicans which met at Cincinnati nominated. on Friday last, Horace Greeley for President and B. Gratz Brown for Vice President .-This result, we venture to say, will not only produce surprise but disappointment through out the country. It is difficult indeed to penctrate the motives that influenced the Convention to such a conclusion. If the object was, as we supposed it to be, to combine all the elements of opposition to the re-election of Grant, the plainest policy dictated the selection of candidates whose past or present lives would give some guaranty of moderation and conservatism in the administration of the afwould not, unfortunately, be the case were the ticked nominated at Cincinnati successful in the coming Presidential campaign. But common justice requires that we should say of the nominee for the first office-Mr. Greeleythat he has always borne, among both his friends and his enemies, the reputation of being an honest man. Whatever may have been his eccentricities and vagaries touching social and political organisms and government, no one has ever charged him, within our knowledge, of dishonesty. How much would be gained in the removal of the present incumbent of the Presidential office, and substituting an honest man every one who knows the corruption, selfishness, avarice and dishonesty that has marked the course of Gen'l. Grant, will determine for himself.

The Cincinnati Convention has greatly complicated the Presidential question. Will the Labor Reformers withdraw their candidates -Davis and Parker-and adopt Greeley and Brown as their standard bearers? Or will with the hope that the Democratic Convention, yet to be held, will adopt them and so fight the Presidential battle on a triangular line? Or will the Democratic party unwilling to surrender its ancient and honorable organization and dissatisfied with the action of the Convention at Columbus and Cincinnati, present its own candidates on its own platform, and trust to the good sense of the people to rescue the Republic from the perils by which it is now surrounded, by the election of its nominees pledged to the restoration of the government, so far as its changed condition will permit, to its nucient health and purity? These are questions which time and the thickening events of the future alone will

As for ourselves we are prepared to wait the determination which the representatives of the Democratic and Conservative party will reach, believing, as we do, that the wisdom and prudence now so much required, and which we have faith will preside over their councils, will remove the difficulties and embarrasaments which lie along the pathway of the nation at present.

The House of Representatives on Wed nesday, concurred in the Senate amendment to the bill repealing the duty on tea and cof fee on and after the 1st of July next, and within two hours thereafter it was approved

by the President. Col. Wm. A. Morgan, in a card in the Shepherdstown Register, declines being a candidate for State Senator. In the same paper

he is announced as a candidate for Sheriff. NEW DRESS .- We congratulate the Page

evidence of better times. the Metropolitan on Wednesday. THE STATE CONVENTION.

The Conservative candidates for the State officers who are to serve if the Constitution is adonted, will be nominated by a Couvention which will meet at Parkersburg on the 30th of this month, and a Convention of delegates from the different townships of our county will meet on Saturday, the 25th day of May, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to appoint county delegates to the Parkersburg Convention. The following paragraph we take from the

Winchester Times : JUDGE J. W. KENNEDY .- We learned the other day in Charlestown, that the friends of Judge J. W. Kennedy would press his claims strongly for the nomination as Attorney General of West Virginia. Judge K. has always been in sympathy with the good people of that State, for which reason the Radical Legislature turned him out of office. It would seem but fair that the victim of Radical ma-

lignity should now be rewarded by the Con-

servative party for his manly independence. Judge Kennedy is too well known in our county to render it necessary to give an extended statement of his course heretofore .-He was opposed to secession, and during the war was a consistent Union man, though he took no active part in the controversy. After the war he was elected Judge of this circuit, but was almost immediately removed from his office by the radical Legislature of the State upon charges which every one in our community knows were false. The unjust course of the radicals towards him, and towards the people of this county and State generally, caused him ever since the war to co-operate heartily with the Conservative party of the State. His friends claim that the unjust persecutions of the radical party towards him, and his active assistance in breaking the rule of radicalism in the State, should commend him to the favorable consideration of the people of

The only two State officers at present living East of the Alleghanies are John J. Jacob, Governor, and Joseph Sprigg, Attorney General. Their friends, we understand, will present their names to the Parkersburg Convention for nomination as candidates for the offices they now hold respectively. John J. Jacob is a native of Hampshire county, where he has resided always, except for a few years when he lived in Missouri. He is a lawyer of large experience and much ability, is in the prime of life, being about 41 years of age. When the war broke out he 'resided in Missouri, and though originally opposed to secession, he always sympathized with the South He, however, took no part on either side in the internecine struggle; he has had considerable experience in the performance of the duties of Governor, and he is not a man who would fail to profit much by such experience.

our State, and especially of our county, of

which he is a native.

He was in ante-war times a Whig, politically, Joseph Sprigg is a native of Alleghany county, Maryland, probably about 32 years of age, he was a states-right man and sympathized of course with the South in the late sectional strugle, but took no part in it actively. Shortly after the war he moved from Cumberland to Moorefield, Hardy county where he formed a partnership with Judge Allen-the Judge being then prohibited from practicing law by the unjust laws then existng in this State-Joseph Sprigg then a young man was thus compelled to argue and attend to the large practice of the firm in the courts. And he showed himself fully equal to meet this responsibility. Indeed, he proved himself to be a young man of great ability. fairs of the government. We fear that this | He has since the war had a large experience as a lawyer, and has availed himself fully of he opportunities afforded him. Like John Jacob, he has considerable experience in the performance of the duties of the office which his friends desire him to fill. The friends of Jacob and Sprigg urge with much force that their claims to the offices they hold at present ought to be regarded as very strong. First, because they have performed the duties of their offices in a manner satisfactory to the people of the State. Secondly, because they received and accepted the nomination as candidates for these offices formerly at a time when the Radicals were strong in this State, and by great exertions on their part, and on the part of their friends, the State was completely revolutionized, and Radicalism here forever crushed. And lastly, because their present term of service has not ended, and a failure to nominate them would amount to a condemnation of them as unfit to fill their respective places-a position which probably not a member of the Parkersburg Convention will be prepared to urge. We leave the matter to the delegates of the people, but deem it but right to set forth the claims of the friends of these gentlemen to the support of the delegates from this county. Their resithe first named candidates remain in the field | dence East of the Alleghanies will no doubt to a certain extent commend them to the favorable consideration of our county men.

THE CHANCES OF THE CONTEST

In 1868 thirty-four States, says the New. York Sun, voted for President, giving to Grant 214 electorial votes, and to Seymour The States of Virginia, Mississippi and Texas did not vote at all. The States of Alabama, Arkansas, Missouri, North Carolina, Tennessee and West Virginia, which gave Grant 48 electoral votes, have since 1868' lapsed from the Republican party beyond all hope of recovery by the nominee of the Philadelphia Convention.

The States of Connecticut, Indiana, Nebraska and Nevada gave Grant 24 electoral votes in 1868. If they now fall away from the Philadelphia nominee, their defection, coupled with that of the six States above named, will alone be sufficient to defeat Grant. Taking the popular vote of 1868 for a basis, a change of 1.600 Republican votes in Connecticut, of 4,800 in Indiana, of 2,100 in Nebraska, and of 700 in Nevada, would carry those States over to the opposition. Is there any supporter of Grant so infatuated as not to understand that the Liberal Republicans of those four States can cast the number of votes above named? On the contrary, does he not know that they will throw more than double or treble that number?

These indisputable statistics show that Grant cannot possibly be re-elected if the Liberal Republicans and the Democrats support the same ticket. This result would be rendered still more certain by the fact that of the three States which did not vote in 1868, two -Virginia and Texas-are sure to go against Grant.

In these calculations we take no note of such States as Pennsylvania and Illinois. which went heavily for Grant in 1868, and are almost certain to go heavily against him now. Nor do we in thus confining ourselves to the figures of 1868 take into the account Courier upon its new dress, and consequent the effect of the popular impulse now appearing all over the country, and which, if brought into full play against the candidate of the of all barriers and carry him down with a crash. as a daily.

LIBERAL REPUBLICAN CONVEN-TION.

This political body, which has for so long occupied a large share of public attention, assembled in Cincinnati on Wednesday last .-From the Baltimore Guzette we compile the following summary of its proceedings :-

FIRST DAY. Some time after 12 o'clock the Liberal Republican Convention was called to order by Col. Grosvenor, of St. Louis, who, after a few prefatory remarks, nominated Judge Stanley Matthews, of Ohio, for temporary Chairman who was unanimously elected. After completing the temporary organization a resolution was offered to adjourn until next morning at 10 o'clock, which was adopted after a few remarks made by Senator Schurz, in response to loud calls made upon him.

SECOND-DAY. The Convention reassembled Thursday morning and was called to order by the tempo rary Chairman, Judge Stanly Matthews. A resolution for the appointmend of a committee on permanent organization, to consist of one from each State and Territory, was adopted, as was also a motion for a committee of nine. to draft rules and regulations. After some discussion, a motion for a committee of one from each State and Territory on Credentials was adopted and the committee named. A

motion for the appointment of a committee to consist of one from each State on resolutions -thus excluding Territories-was also adopted, and the names of its members announced. Mr. Selden, from the minority of the New York delegation opposed to the nomination of Horace Greeley for President, presented a protest against the manner in which the resentative delegates had been chosen, which was referred to the Committee on Credentials. After some conversational debate, a recess was ordered until 3 o'clock. On the reassembling of the Conventien, the Committee on Permanent Organization reported for President Senator Carl Schurz, with one Vice President and Secretary from each State and Territory. The report was adopted, and Mr. Schurz advanced amid great applause, and was introduced. The Committee on Credentials reported in the case of New York that the contestants were not entitled to seats .-The only other unfavorable reports from this committee were as to certain contestants from California, as to which some temporary confusion ensued. The Committee on Rules then reported, after which an unsuccessful motion was made to proceed to ballot, and it was resolved that there should be no ballotting until after a platform of principles should have been declared, and the Convention took a re-

cess until 7:30 P. M. THIRD DAY. The Convention met promptly Friday morning, and after dispensing with the reading of the journal, proceeded at once to business. A resolution was offered and adopted that when the point of ballotting for candidates should be reached, the Convention should proceed to vote without a formal presentation of names. The proposition was sustained on the ground that it was desirable to avoid mere personal eulogies. Mr. Horace White, from the Committee on Platform, then presented an address and a series of resoluions, which were unanimously adopted amid loud and continued cheering. The Convention then immediately proceeded to ballot for the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency, without any formal presentation of candidates. Six ballots were successively taken, and at the conclusion of the sixth and last, after a scene of much confusion and noise, and many changes of votes, the Chair announced the whole vote as 714, necessary to a choice 358. Adams 187, Greeley 482; that therefore Hon. Horace Greeley, of New York, was nominated as a candidate for the Presidency by the Convention. It was then ordered to proceed immediately to the nomination of Vice President, and the fourth ballot resulted in the nomination of Governor Gratz Brown which, on motion, was declared unanimous. The usual resolutions of thanks were then offered and the Convention adjourned sine die.

The Cincinnati Nominees.

Opinions of the Press.

The Baltimore Guzette, in an article headed "Not for Greely," says :-

The nomination of Horace Greeley and B. Gratz Brown, by the Liberal Republicans, at Cincinnati, will be received by the country with considerable surprise. It was supposed at one time, that a candidate for the first place on the ticket, less obnoxious to the Conservative masses would be presented by the Convention, and the inital proceedings of that body indicated the existence therein of a degree of wisdom and prudence which its action has failed to justify. It is useless to waste words at such a crisis, or attempt to excite hopes which can never be realized. The selection of Mr. Greeley places an impassable barrier between the Liberal Republicans and the Conservative masses of the country. He can never receive the support of the Democratic party, or any respectable number of its members.

The New York Tribune says :- We, make no comments on the ticket presented at Cincinnati. The platform has been to us, throughout, an object of much greater solici-

tude. Our interest has been centered in what should be said bearing on protection and free trade. There is an honest and serious difference among Republicans and reformers on this question. Our convictions are strong on one side. Others, at least equally patriotic and intelligent, hold opinions antagonistic to ours. We did not wish the Convention to say that we were right. We did not see with what propriety, to what profit it could pronounce us in the wrong. To declare for either protection or free trade would repel some, perhaps many, from the support of the Liberal movement, while it would win over no opponent to that movement. We therefore urged the Convention simply to remit this question to the people as one on which we are not agreed, asking them to pronounce judgment thereon in the choice of members of Congress, by whom, and not by the Execu-

tive, it must be discussed and decided. The World, editorially, expresses profound surprise at the result in Cincinnati, Adams, who proved by far the strongest of all the candidates, who had been expected to be strong in the Convention, might have been cordially endorsed by the World, as he would have been cordially supported by the Democratic party.

Greeley can receive no such endorsement. or has he any reason to expect such support. The Convention has chosen to nominate the most heated and conspicuous opponent of the Democratic party in the country. Called for revenue reform, it has selected the most zealous of protectionists.

The San Francisco Examiner prefers a square fight on old issues with a straight out Democratic candidate, who will conduct the government back to the ancient landmarks.

The tri-weekly edition of the Balti-Look out for the Second Arrival at ficeholders, can scarcely fail to sweep away paper will hereafter be published exclusively Liberal Republican Platform. ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE.

The Administration now in power has rendered itself guilty of wanton disregard of the laws of the land, and of usurpation of powers not granted by the Constitution. It has acted as if the laws had binding force only for those who are governed, and not for those who govern. It has thus struck a blow at the fundamental principles of constitutional government and the liberties of citizens. The Presi dent of the United States has openly used the powers and opportunities of his high office for the promotion of personal ends He has

places of power and responsibility to the detriment of the public intererests. He has used the public service of the Govrnment as machinery of partisan and personal influence, and interfered with tyrannical arrogance in the political affairs of States and municipalities. He has rewarded with influential and lucrative offices men who had acquired his favor by valuable presents, thus stimulating demorilization of our political life by his conspicuous example. He has shown himself deplorably unequal to the tasks imposed upon him by the necessities of the country, and culpably careless of the responsibilities of his

kept notoriously corrupt and unworthy men in

high office. The partisans of the Administration, assum ing to be the Republican party, and controlling its organization, have attempted to justisuch wrongs, and palliate such abuses, to

ne end of maintaining partisan ascendency They have stood in the way of necessar investigations and indispensable reforms, pre tending that no serious fault could be found with the present administration of public affairs, thus seeking to blind the eyes of the people. They have kept alive the passions and resentments of the late civil war, to use them to their own advantage. They have resorted to arbitrary measures, in direct conflict with the organic law, instead of appealing to the better instincts and latent patriotism of the Southern people, by restoring to them those rights, the enjoyment of which is indispensable to a successful administration of their local affairs, and would tend to promote a patriotic and hopeful ustional feeling. They have degraded themselves and the name of their party, once justly entitled to the confidence of the nation, by a base sycophancy to the dispenser of executive power and patronage, unworthy of Republican freemen .-They have sought to stifle the moral sense of the people and to subjugate public opinion by tyrannicacal party discipline. They are striving to maintain themselves in authority for selfish ends by an unscrupulous use of power which rightfully belongs to the people, and should be employed only in the service of the country.

Believing that an organization thus led and controlled can no longer be of service to the best interests of the Republic, we have resolved to make an independent appeal to the suber judgment, conscience and patriotism of the American people.

The following are the resolutions in full We, the Liberal Republicans of the United States, in National Convention assembled at Cincinnati, proclaim the following principles as essential to a just Government : First-We recognize the equality of all

men before the law, and hold that it is the duty of the Government in its dealings with the people to mete out equal and exact justice to all of whatever nativity, race, color or persuasion, religious or policical. Second-We pledge ourselves to maintain

the Union of these States, emancipation and enfranchisement, and to oppose any reopening of the questions settled by the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments of the Constitution. Third-We demand the immediate and ab-

olute removal of all disabilities imposed on account of the rebellion, which was finally subdued seven years ago, believing that universal amnesty will result in the complete pacification of all sections of the country.

Fourth-Local self government, with impartial suffrage, will guard the rights of all citizens more securely than any centralized power. The public welfare requires the supremacy of the civil over the military authority, and the freedom of person under the protection of the habeas corpus. We demand for the individual the largest liberty consistent with public order, for the States selfgovernment, and for the nation a return to the methods of peace and the constitutional limitation of power.

Fifth-The civil service of the Government has become a mere instrument of partisan tyranny and personal ambition, and an object of selfish greed. It is a scandal and reproach upon our free institutions, and breeds a des moralization dangerous to the perpetuity of republican government. We, therefore, regard a thorough reform of the civil service as one of the most pressing necessities of the hour; that honesty, capacity and fidelity constitute the only valid claims to public employment; that the officers of the Government case to be a matter of arbitrary favoritism and patronage, and that public stations become again posts of honor. To this end it is imperatively required that no President shall be a candidate for re-election.

Sixth-We demand a system of Federal taxation which shall not unnecessarily interfere with the industry of the people, and which shall provide means necessary to pay the expenses of the Government, economicall administered, pensions, the interest on the public debt, and a moderate reduction annually of the principal thereof, and recognizing that there are in our midst honest, but irreconcilable differences of opinion with regard to the respective systems of protection and free trade, we remit discussion of the subject to the people in their Congressional districts, and to the decision of Congress thereon, wholly free of Executive interference or dictation. Seventh-The public credit must be sacred

ly maintained, and we denounce repudiation every form and guise. Eighth-A speedy return to specie paynents is demanded alike by the highest con

siderations of commercial morality and honest government. Ninth-We remember with gratitude the beroism and sacrifices of the soldiers and sailors of the Republic, and no act of ours shall ever detract from their justly earned fame or the full reward of their patriotism.

Tenth-We are opposed to all further grants of lands to railroads or other corporations. The public domain should be held sacred to actual settlers. Eleventh-We hold that it is the duty of

the Government in its intercourse with foreign nations to cultivate the friendship of peace by treating with all on fair and equal terms, regarding it alike dishonorable either to demand what is not right, or to submit to what is Twelfth-For the promotion and success of

these vital principles, and the support of the candidates nominated by this Convention, we invite and cordially welcome the co-operation of all patriotic citizens without regard to previous political affiliations.

Charles J. Faulkner, Jr., through the columns of the Martinsburg Statesman, declines being a candidate for the position of Attorney General.

- Winchester gardeners have eucumbers

The Case of Rev. Dr. Huston.

It is doubtless a matter of sufficient general interest and importance to give the present status of the case of the Rev. Dr. Huston, D. D., against whom, as the public are aware charges of a grave character are pending. For the investigation of these charges, it will be remembered that, by the action of the late annual Baltimore Conference, the whole subiect was placed in the hands of the Rev Samuel Rodgers Presiding Elder of the East Baltimore District of the Methodist Episcopa Church South, with power to appoint a committee of five, of which Mr. Rodgers, in the absence of the Bishop, is ex officio the President. This committee was, in due course of time, appointed, the names, however, being withheld, and for the past several weeks the various rumors of a defamatory character were inquired into and throughly sifted by the committee. The statements of several per sons claiming to be interested in the result were also taken, on which testimony the bill of charges against Dr. Huston has been framed. the latter work being only completed yesterday, so laborious and difficult was the duty of properly presenting the charges. Yesterday evening a copy of the bill of charges was mailed to Dr. Huston, at Cincinnati, his address in that city being in the possession of the gentlemen composing the committee. As soon as Dr. Huston's reply is received, signifving his readiness to proceed with the preliminary examination, the President of the committee will appoint the place and time for earing the testimony. The examination will be held in Baltimore, but the proceedings will not be made public as it progresses, but at its close the result will be made known. Should he committee find Dr. Huston innocent of the charges preferred against him, the President of the committee has discretionary power to restore to him his former clerical functions, and assign him to any charge within the bounds of the East Baltimore district. In such an event the committee, however, is required o present the case formally before the next annual Conference, which meets in Baltimore in March next for ratification. Should the committee find a verdict of guilty, the case would still have to be presented to the Conference. The character of the charges forwarded to Cincinuati last night is unknown. save to those engaged in the investigation, who decline even stating whether they are favorable or otherwise, but simply that they are full and specific. It is safe, however, to assume that the papers contain references to certain alleged acts in the life of Dr. Huston which will require to be thoroughly explained away before he can be restored to his former position. It is understood that Dr. Huston. in certain letters to friends, reiterates his declarations of innocence, and expresses his desire for a speedy investigation. The opportunity for such investigation is now presented to him, and his action will be looked forward to with interest .- Balt. Gazette May 2d.

De The Cumberland News says that, by ctual count, the number of locomotives crossing Baltimore street in that city during twelve hours on last Saturday was Four Hun dred and Fourteen. Old citizens say that in 1844 only four locomotives per day passed through the city.

MARRIED.

On "Jefferson's Rock" at Harper's Ferry, on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Holliday, Mr. AL-BERT L. MOORE to Miss POSY P BUCKLES, daughter of Wm Buckles, Esq -all of this county. On the 16th ult., by Rev. Dr. Riddle, Mr. THOM-AS STEVENS to Miss MARY SNYDER-all of Back Creek Valley, Berkeley county.

In Charlestown, on the 25th ult, by Rev. Wm. A. Wade, Mr. THOMAS J. SHIPWAY and Miss MARTHA E. MANUEL.

At the Parsonage of the M. E. Church, South, in Charlestown, on the 2d inst. by Ray, W. A. Wade, Mr. THO das W. STICKLES to Miss RICHARD ETTA CORNELL-Ell of this county

On Wednesday night last, at his residence near the Old Furnace, in this county, Mr. WASHING-TON MOLER, aged about 78 years. An upright and honest citizen, and a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church for many years, his numerous kindred and friends have the bleased ed and friends have the blessed assurance that his end was peace.

At his residence near Unionville, in this county on the night of the 24th ult, Mr. JOSEPH MEL. VIN, in the 74th year of his age. Having united with the Presbyterian Church in early life, and continued a faithful communicant thereof for over half a century, he died in the full triumph of the Christian faith, looking forward to a blissful immortality beyond the grave. nortality beyond the grave.

At Downsville, Washington county, Md., on the 30th ult., GARLAND B. son_of James and Jane Lambert, formerly of Shepherdstown, aged 3 years. In Shepherdstown, on Wednesday night last, Mr. LEWIS DUKE, aged about 50 years.

On the 27th ult., at the residence of his parents, in this county, CHARLES SCHOPPERT, son of Jacob and Nancy Schoppert, aged about 19 years. In Martinsburg, on the 27th ultime, DANIEL BURKHART, infant son of Daniel G. and Lula E. In Martinsburg, on the 8th ult., JOANNA ROSI-

At his residence in Gerardstown, Berkelev county, on the 6th ult., Mr. TRIMBLE BUTLER, aged about 75 venrs. On the 24th ult., in St. Louis. Mo, Mr. JERE-MIAH GUINN, formerly of Berkeley county, aged 51 years, 10 months and 7 days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

W E are authorized to announce THOMAS A.
MOORE as a candicate for the County Court
Clerkship, at the election in Augustnext.
May 7, 1872—if. [Free Press and Register copy]

MRS. MARY E. DAVIS. BEGS leave to inform the public that she has just returned from Baltimore, and has for the in-spection of the Ladies the Latest and Most Fashion-BONNETS, HATS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

the returns thanks for past favors, and solicits a continuance of the same.

May 7, 1872-3t. [F. P.]

STRAYER & CO..

OF HARPER'S FERRY, WITH pleasure call the attention of Clergymen Lawyers. Physicians. Editors. Teachers, Sunday School Superintendents. Retail Dealers and the reading Public, to the fact of their having opened a Wholesale and Retail

Book Store at Harper's Ferry. Book Store at Harper's Ferry.

They are now prepared to furnish, on the shortest notice and lowest terms, any Book. Map or Periodibal, published either in the United States or Europe. We also deal in Globes, Microscopes, Stereoscopes, Artists' and Surveyors' Instruments. Scientific Apparatus, Writing Desks, Book Cases, School Room Furniture. Musical Instruments, Picture Frames, Chromos, Statuary and Stationery of every quality and style.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING PARTICULARS: lat. We deal directly with Impor ers, Manufac, turers and Publishers, and can therefore supply the trade at fiberal rates.

2d. We will send any Book in print, postage propaid, on receipt of publither's price.

3d. We allow a Liberal Discount to Regular Customers.

mere. 4th We manufacture an excellent link, which we sell very low.
5th. Second Hand Books taken in exchange for ew Ones. 6th Equal attention is paid to every department

6th Equal attention is paid to every department of the business, and the smallest order, accompanied by the cash, kindly received and promptly filled.

We now offer to Book Buyers in the Valley of Virginia, facilities for gratifying their tastes such as have never been offered before, and hope in return to receive many and large orders.

(3) For full particulars concerning any Book, or any article mentioned in or suggested by this advertisement, address STRAYER & Co. Wholessle and Retail Booksellers, Stationers, &c., Harper's Ferry, West Virginia.

N. B.—We are general Agents for such works as

N. B.—We are general Agents for such works as the New American Cyclopedia, McClintock & Strong's Theological Cyclopedia, "The Scie-tific Series," Scribner's Library of Wonders, and several other equally solid and valuable works. We want an intelligent, energetic man to act as local agent for these books, in every city, town and village. No others need apply to STRAYER & CO. Harper's Ferry, May 7, 1872—tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DON'T BUY A DOLLAR'S WORTH

DRYGOODS

UNTIL AFTER YOU'VE SEEN OR BEEN TO THE

"METROPOLITAN."

We claim to be able to sell you the nicest goods for COME AND SEE IF WE DO IT! WE HAVE JUST OPENED

Fine Styles, Beautiful Patterns, and Good Quality

PRESS GOODS.

Japanese Popline, Japanese Stripes, Plaids, all colors, 25 to 45 cents,
Meta Cloths, 33 c., Black Alpacs, 33 to 87 cents
Percals, striped and plain, Suitings 18 to 25c,
Grenadines 12 to 75—very cheap;
Variety of Dress Goods, 12 to 25 cents.

IN THESE TIMES OF Financial Distress we would beg of the people to buy goods of men who are directly opposed to high prices and old fogy notions of big profits and long credit.

LINENS AND WHITE GOODS! LINENS AND WHITE GOODS?

Crashes 10, 14 15 and 16c, Bird Eye Towels 10 to 12

Large size 20 and 25c, Damask Towels 25c,

Large size, very fine 37½ to 50c,

German Towels. extra large, 50c, Turkish do. 37½,

Very large 75c, Bird Eye Linen 33, 37½ to 40c,

frish Linens 37½ 40, 60, 75. \$1.

Linen Napkins \$1.75. 25, 3.50,

Plaid Musline 25, 30, 37½c,

Swiss Muslin 18, 25 to 50c,

Tarleton, all colors, 25 to 50c,

Undressed and Dressed Cambric 25 to 45c,

White Berage, double width, \$1.25,

Piques and Linen Duck, 30 to 50c.

SHAWLS!

Bright Stripes and Fancy Plaids. Every style and quality of Spring and Summer Shawls at Very Low Prices. RIBBONS—Sash Ribbons, 5 to 7 inches wide 75 to \$1.25. Ribbon for Bows 25 to 45c. Narrow Ribbons 5, 10.15c. LACES, black and white, and Em-

bons 5, 10.15c. LACES, black and white, and Embroideries at prices to suit the times.
Ladies', Children's and Gents' Gloves, Cotton and Thread, at from 10 to 25 cents.
Cla'k's O. N. T. Cotton at 5c, or 70 per dozen.—
J. & P. Coats' do 70 cts. per dozen. Eagle Spool
Cotton, one cent a spool, Lead Pencils 3 to 5 cents.
Pins 3 to 5 cents, Needler, the best. 5c, Hooks and
Eyes 3 to 5c, Ladies' Hose only 12½ to 25c. Children's Hose 12½ to 15c. Gents' British Half Hose 25
to 37c. Gents' Suspenders 25 to 75c, Ladies' Suspenders 10 to 20c.

enders 10 to 20c.

JEWELRY.—Jet Jewelry 15. 25, 40 and 50c, Jet racelets and Necklaces, 15 to 25c. The best Prints 12c, Dolly Varden do. 12le. Colored Cambric only 10c. Nottingham Lace 37 to 58 cents.

REMEMBER! We sell these goods rapidly, and if you see anything on our shelves you want, buy without delay. We have always something NEW, direct from the New York Auction Rooms, to show you. holesale prices.

WE SELL Blue and Brown Denima, Hickory Stripe, Checks, Domestic and French Gingham, Bed Ticking, Brown Linen Duck, and Brown Linen Coatings, AT AUCTION PRICES.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Infanta' Lasting Gaiters. Kid and Morocco Shoes 90. \$1.10 Misses Shoesand Gaiters, 1.25 to 1.50. Ladics' Lasting Gaiters, 1.75. 2.50, \$2.75. Ladics' Kid do. 2.873. Ladics' Morocco co. 1.50 to 2.50. Ladics'a Slippers, 1.00 to 1.25. Gent's Calf Gaiters 2.75 to 3.50, Shoes 1.50 to 1.75. Gent's Calf Boots 3.50. 4.50 and \$5.75 ent's Calf Boots 3 50, 4,50 and \$5.75.

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WYAS opened a magnificent stock of STAPLE
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LINERY, GENTS' AND BOYS' FURNISHING
GOODS, and is now offering Dolly Varden Calicos
at 8, 10 and 12; cents, Percules at 18, 20 and 25c,
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and opward.

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8c up; Berages and Poplins, beautiful styles,
Lawns at 12;c up; Black Dress and Japanese Silks
—a full line of elegani styles, and at exceedingly
low prices.

low prices.

A large stock of Domestic and French Ginghams. Tickings, Brown and Bleached Muslins, &c.
Our NO FION DEPARTMENT is full to overflow. ng, embracing everything known to the trade.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT. Mrs. Goldsmith, with a competent assistant, offers a carefully relected stock of Ribbons, Flowers. Frames and Hats. &c. Particular attention given o making up in the very latert styles and satisfacon guarantees.

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Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, &c. No. 21.

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GAITERS, SHOES, SLIPPERS AND TIES,
Plain Lasting Gaiters from 75c to \$3 00.
Plain Button Gaiters from \$2 to \$3 50.
Kid and Pebble Vamped do. \$2 to \$3 50.
Kid and Pebble Vamped do. \$2 to \$2 75.
French Calf Bals, Kid Laced and Brush Kid, \$2 to \$3 50; Monocco Boots, Newport Ties, Bronze Button Boots and Dolly Vardens, very bandsome; beautiful Slippers—all sivers and prices.
As endless variety of Misses! Children's and Intants' Shoes—bargs ins to be had in them.
In Men's wear we ofier French Calf Stüched Boots from \$4 to \$6; Pegged do. from \$3 to \$5: Buff do. \$2.50 to \$3.50. Calf Gaiters, stüched, \$2.50 to \$5.50; Pegged do. from \$2 to \$3: Newport Ties for Gents, French Calf Prince Alberts, Lasting Gaiters, Calf Bals—sewed, stüched and pegged.—Heavy Kip Boots and Shoes from \$1 up; Men's Dolly Vardens, 80c per pair.

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N. B.—SUITS made to order at short notice, and perfect fits guaranteed.
May 7, 1872. JOSEPH GOLDSMITH.

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Office of Board of Supervisons. Char estown. April 23, 1872

A LL persons who sell Liquor, Ale, or keep Hotel, are notified to appear before the Board of Supervisors at their next regular meeting on the 20th of May, and take out the proper License for the same.

GEO H. TURNER.

Clerk of Board of Supervisors of Jefl. Co., W. Va. May 7, 1872-3t.

PROLIFIC or BREESES No. 2 POTATO -The PROLIFIC or BREESES No. 2 POTATO -The best and most productive variety of Potato for main crop, producing last season sixty bushels from one planted They boil dry and mealy- be sure and get the genuine ones—to be had at

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FRENCH Blacking, excelling all for "Polish," at MASON'S Drug Store. W'HITE and Yellow Onion Sets and Seed, for sale by JAS, LAW, HOOFF.
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